SPECIAL NOTICES.

Fine Old Bye Whisky.

WARRANTED PERFECTLY PURE. FOR MEDICINAL AND FAMILY USE. LARGE BOTTLES, \$1 PER BOTTLE; OR \$5 PER GALLON.

Also, all kinds of CALIFORNIA WINES, 75c. and \$1 per bottle: PORT, ANGELICA, MUSCATEL, SHEREY, HOCK and CLABET. Also, KELLY'S ISLAND CATAWEA.

These Wines are very superior, and just as represented. ARTHUR NATTANS, Drungist, Second and D street, N. W.

Caution. LEE & PERRINS' WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE Buyers are cautioned to avoid the numerous Counterfeits and Imitations offered for sale. JOHN DUNCAN'S SONS, New York, ocl5-2awly Agents for the United States.

A Clergyman, while residing in South America. A Clergyman, while residing in South America, as missionary, discovered a safe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness. Early Decay, Disease of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and victous habits. Great numbers have been cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it. Free of Charse.

Address,

JOSEPH T. INMAN,

Station D, Bible House,
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New York City.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW NATIONAL THEATER. MR. J. G. SAVILLE, Lessee and Manager. MONDAY EVENING, Nov. 11, 1872, And until further notice, the Distinguished Trage-MR. JOSEPH PROCTOR,

Who, assisted by
MAY SAVILLE
And an entire New Company, will appear in hi
Great Sensational Play, THE RED POCKET BOOK. Maurice.....JOSEPH PROCTOR

THE RED POCKET BOOK.

THE GREAT SHIP SCENE,

A wonderfully realistic and mechanical effect; the
entire stage a living ocean; a moustrous ship in flames, sinking in the sea.
[Designed and patented by G. Hinckley, of San Francisco.] THE SHOT-THE CABAVAN.

THE SEPARATION—THE FAREWELL—THE RED POCKET BOOK.

In preparation—NICK OF THE WOODS.
Coming—THE LINGARDS.

WASHINGTON THEATRE COMIQUE, Eleventh st., south of Pennsylvania avenue. OUR BEST EFFORTS BEOUGHT INTO PLAY. CHALLENGE VABIETY COMPANY OF THE WOBLD. A VAST AND UNPRECEDENTED COMEI-NATION OF EXCELLENCES. GREAT ENGLISH BALLAD OPERA A mammoth undertaking, but a prelude to a con-tinuous host of attractive povelties.

THE GREAT SAPPHO TROUPE, And an Avalanche of Wonderful Sensations. The greatest, best, most pleasurable, and largest entertainment ever in a Variety Theater.

A STUPENDOUS BILL OF UNVABIED ATTRACTIONS AND DELIGHTS.

M'LLE DE GRANVILLE, The Woman with the Jaw of Iron A DENTAL PHENOMENON! FAIRY, THE INFANT VENUS TONY HABVEY, the impersonation of Negroism HAWLEY BROTHERS, Song and Dance Dromios. FRANK HOWE, the Comic Dutchman. A NEW AND EXCELSIOR COMPANY. nll LINCOLN HALL.

THEODORE THOMAS' UNEQUALLED CONCERTS. SIXTY DISTINGUISHED PERFORMERS. The largest and most perfect Concert Troupe which has ever traveled either in this country or in

FRIDAY EVENING, November 15TH, FIRST GRAND CONCERT. MONDAY EVENING, November 181H. SECONDAND LAST CONCERT. The following celebrated Soloists will appear:

MR GEORGE L. OSGOOD, The young American Tenor. His first appearance MR. BEBNHAED LISTEMANN, The celebrated Violinist, Together with the UNRIVALLED ORCHESTRA.

The sale of reserved seats and tickets will com-mence on TUESDAY MOBNING, November 12th, at Metzarott & Co.'s, where the Programmes can also be had. Doors open at 7%. To commence at S. Steinway & Sons' Pianos are used at all The Thomas Concerts.

THE MARINE BAND WILL GIVE A CONCERT

At Concordia Hall

On every MONDAY and SATERDAY EVENINGS OLD No. On Exhibition (NEW No 486) and Sale 439 THE ST.

MARKEITER'S

No. 416 7th street, between D and E streets, eight doors above Odd Fellows Hall.

Choice Oil Paintings, Engravings, Chromos, &c.
Also, largest stock Paper Hangings, Window Shades, Pictures, Frames, Picture Cords and Tassels, Rings, Nails, &c., in the District.

TERMS CASH.

Please remember Name and Number. jel-ly*

E. S. JUSTH PAYS FAIR PRICES for Ladies'.
Gents' and Children's SECOND-HAND
CLOTHING, UNDER-CLOTHING, BOGTS,
SHOES, &c., at 619 D street, between 6th and 7th
sts. Notes by mail promptly attended to. oc9-ly

COULAGEMENT POUR LES PIEDS: Cors enleves sans peine;

durillons manuals ongles, soignes avec succes, par le BOCTEUR WHITE, Chiropediste, No. 635 15th street, opposite the Treasury Department.

Pour soins donnes chezlui, \$1; a domicile, \$3.

Le LOCTEUR WHITE, est etabli a Washington FRANKLIN & CO.,
OPTICIANS,
No. 1227 PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE.
Genuine Brazilian Pebble Spectacles.
Jan19-tf

H. HEMPLER.

First quality Brazilian Pebble. iau22-ly* FRENCH FLUTING—The only place in the city where it is done Also, STAMPING, PINKING and EMBROIDERY of every description.

BBAIDS of all kinds, and EMBROIDERING SILKS of all colors, constantly on hand.

MRS. G. H. MAURER,

617 Seventh street,
opposite Patent Office.

FOR FAMILY USE.

HALFORD

LEICESTERSHIRE

TABLE SAUCE,

The Very Best Sauce and Relish Made in Any Part of the World.

FOR

FAMILY USE.

_... 50 CENTS. HALF PINTS

FOR SALE BY ALL GROCKES.

GENERAL EMPLOYMENT OFFICE.—All per sons wishing to employ Beliable Servants will do well to call at JOSEF BEOOKS, 1609 line of the between Q and B sts., where their orders will be promptly filled,

Knening



Vol. 40 - No. 6,132.

EVENING STAR.

GEN. J. H. BAKER has returned from the

west looking well, but still lame from his

MR. M. S. HOPKINS, law clerk to the Com-

missioner of Patents, has been promoted from

first assistant examiner to principal examiner

INDIAN RAID REPULSED. - Gen. Sheridan

telegraphs to the War department that about

five hundred Indians from the Grand river and

Cheyenne agencies attacked the post at the

Northern Pacific railroad crowing of the Missouri river on the 4th instant, but were all

THE PRESIDENT, Gen. Porter, Gen. Sher-

man, Secretary Roberon, Commodore Ammon

and other prominent officers of the army and

navy left here last evening for Philadelphia to attend the funeral of the late Gen. Meade. The

President is expected to return to-morrow morn-

GEN. COWEN, Assistant Secretary of the

Interior, although urged to do so, has not yet

decided to accept the Commissionership of

Indian affairs. The fact is, there is as yet no vacancy in that office, and consequently the position has not been tendered him. Should it

e, it is not probable that he would accept

NAVAL OFFICERS TRANSPERRED. - Com.

mander Chester Hatfield ordered to the tem-

perary command of the receiving ship Ohio.

Medical Inspector J. Y. Taylor ordered to duty as a member of the medical examining board in session in this city. Ensigns Freeman H. Crosby

and J. W. Danenhower have been detached from the Naval Academy and ordered to the

THE TREASURY DEPARTMENT AND THE FIRE.

Secretary Boutwell will take no action in regard

to the financial complications which may grow

out of the Boston fire until he hears from

Assistant Secretary Richardson and Controller

Knox, who will investigate the affairs of the

national banks, &c., and recommend relief, should they deem it necessary. Mr. Knox has reached Boston by this time. Assistant Secre-

tary Richardson was en route home when he

received Secretary Boutwell's telegram and stopped in New York. He will return to Boston

Secretary Coutwell does not anticipate any

financial panic, although the heavy losses will

of course seriously interfere with the business

interests of the country for a time. An effort was made in New York this morning to get up

a panic, but it failed. Late advices from that

city show that the fire has had no serious effect

upon the money market. Government securities

market is steady.

of notice."

dropped about one-half per cent., but the gold

VINNIE REAM AT THE BROOKLYN INDUS-

TRIAL FAIR .- In consequence of the interest

manifested to see the operation of modeling

from life by Vinnie Ream at the Brooklyn

Industrial Exposition, the managers have in-

duced her to continue her work there daily during the Fair, which is to be extended to the

20th or 25th of November. She receives \$50 per day from the managers of the Fair. A Brooklyn

paper says :- "The increased attendance at the

Exposition in the afternoons, since Miss Vinnie

Ream opened her studio on Tuesday last, shows

the popular appreciation of a novelty which is

alike interesting and instructive. To see how

any artist makes even an ordinary picture would detain a crowd at any time. Men who neatly

and quickly letter a sign in a public thorough-

fare, are often the apparent unconscious lions of the hour. But to see the human form, the face and contour deftly moulded from clay, and that by the hand of a lady, is a strange sight

indeed, and attracts an extraordinary amount

PERSONAL .- Mr. L. L. Crounse, chief Wash-

ington correspondent of the New York Times,

has returned from his extended campaign tour.

Mr. Crounse's letters and dispatches to the Times

from the leading states during the campaign

afforded the most reliable data supplied to the press. Mahlon Chance, esq., late U. S. consul at Nassau, is at the Ebbitt House.

have been in Europe for something over a year past, sailed for home on Thursday last.

membered by a large circle of friends in Washington, was married a few days ago to Mr. Alfred Rodman, of Dedham, Mass. George Alfred Townsend left for Boston last evening,

to write up the great fire for the Chicago Tribune. Hon. H. H. Starkweather, of Connecticut, is at the Imperial Hotel. Hon. T. A. Jenckes, of Khode Island, is at the Metro-

politan Hotel. The Marquis de Noailles

and family arrived on Saturday and took rooms at Wormley's. Hon. James B. Sener and Hon. Charles St. John, wife and daughter, of Port Jarvis, N. Y., are at the National Hotel.

THE NEWS OF THE BOSTON FIRE IN OFFI-

CIAL AND BUSINESS CIRCLES. - The excite-

ment in the city yesterday over the news of the

great fire in Boston was quite as intense as that

caused by the Chicago conflagration. Hundreds

of people thronged the newspaper and telegraphs offices to learn the latest particulars. Secretary Boutwell was among the first to make inquiry as to details, and during the day received several dispatches relative to the progress of the

fire. Dispatches were also received by the Secretary from bankers and insurance compa-

nies, both in Boston and New York, saying there was quite a panic in those cities. The Secretary telegraphed them that there was no reason for a panic, and advised them not to

yield, as he would do all he could to sustain

them. The Secretary intended leaving Wash-

ing to-day to remain until Friday, on matters

of importance, but he will not do so, as business in connection with the Boston fire may require his presence in this city. Assistant Secretary Richardson was to have left Boston for Washington Saturday night. He was telegraphed by the Secretary to remain there. If he has already

he Secretary to remain there. If he has already

left Boston be will be intercepted by a telegram,

and requested to return. Controller of the Cur-

rency Knox and Mr. Bigelow, chief of the loan

division of the Treasury department, left for

Beston last night at the instance of the Secretary

interests in Boston, and report to him the facts

BOWLES BROTHERS BANKRUPT. - Bowles

Brothers, American bankers, in Paris, have suspended payment. The failure is attributed

o delay in receiving from America the remit-

tance on a bill cashed by them. They hope to resume and pay 75 per cent. It is believed ar-

rangements have been made with Drexel, Mor-

gan & Co. in favor of Americans on the conti-nent traveling with Bowles' Brothers letters of

credit. The condition of the Japanese govern-

BOSTON'S BARREL MYSTERY .- Leavitt Alley

was fully committed in Boston Saturday after-noon, to await the result of the inquest into the

death of Abijah Eliis. Circumstancial evidence is strong against him. Barrett, the other sus-pected party, had no connection with the mur.

der. Alley had recently moved into a house he had purchased of Ellis and owed the latter money overdue, which is supposed to have been one of the motives of the murder. Alley preserves a dogged silvene.

THE ELECTION RIOT INVESTIGATION.—The investigation of the riot in Baltimore last week, by which the colored boy Isaac Boss was killed, resulted in nothing which would lead to the detection of the guilty parties. The coroner's jury on Saturday rendered a verdict"that Isaac Boss was killed on the 7th November, 1872, about six o'clock p. m. pear the Wildon Monne.

about six o'clock p. m., near the Wildey Monu-ment, on Broadway, by a pistol shot penetrating his heart, fired by some person unknown to the

Judge Bond, of North Carolina, is prosecuting the Wilmington Journal for libel. It called him a "scoundrel."

PA political opponent mentions an Iowa paper as "being printed on a cheese press, with

Notwithstanding the number of letters in the names of the horse disease, many express-men invariably place two "ds" before them.

The young ladies of the Jackson Presby-

terian Female College have resolved themselves into a "Cozy Club,"

as A house was burned lately at Dubuque, into the cracks and crevices of which a woman

A Western paper, with peculiar standards

of value, says that potatoes are one eigar and a drink of whisky per bushel at Davenport.

had crammed about \$1,600 in greenbacks.

ment business in their hands is bad.

serves a dogged silence.

shoe pegs for type.'

eche nine DEG Februare, betighted fich sin. | Pure by mail gramming although to

of the Treasury, to look after the government'

in the case.

... Mrs. Hallett Kilbourn and daughter, who

unless he did so from a sense of duty.

of trade-marks of the Patent office.

driven off without difficulty.

source to-day were \$476,573.63.

sprained ankle.

WASHINGTON, D. C., MONDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1872.

Boston's Great Fire. Washington News and Gossip.

The Heart of the City in Ashes. INTERNAL REVENUE .- The receipts from this SECRETARY DELANO is expected to arrive to-One Hundred Acres Burned Over.

> Some of the Finest Buildings in the City in Ruins.

A Loss of \$200,000,000.

Terrible Incidents of the Disaster-Gunpowder and Gas Explosions-The Thieves at Work.

About half-past seven o'clock Saturday night fire broke out in Boston, at the corner of Summer and Kingston streets, and soon spread rapidly, and by ten o'clock embraced the entire length of Winthrop square, including the wellknown and extensive dry goods houses of A. T. Stewart, J. M. Bebee, Anderson. Heaths & Co., and Houghton, Perkins & Co. There was hardly a breath of wind stirring when the alarm was scunded, followed by a second, third, and fourth in rapid succession; but the first engine was hardly on the ground when the fire broke was hardly on the ground when the fire broke out from the fourth story of a large, four-story granite store, on the corner of Summer and Kingston streets, occupied in the first story by Tebbets, Baldwin, and Davis, wholesale dry goods dealers. It had caught in the engineroom, and the flames sped with lightning rapidity up the large elevator, and were first seen climbing undeath the woodwark of the roof. The ing undeath the woodwork of the roof. The engines were hardly at work before another store had caught. The buildings in the vicinity were all of granite, four storie; high, and each surmounted with Mansard roofs, none of them being over five years old. The detached splinters flow readily, as the air was heated by

ters flew readily, as the air was heated by THE TERRIBLE HEAT.

And soon the flames began licking the mansard roof on the opposite side, far above the reach of the streams directed upon it from all quarters. The fire was constantly in the air, and one building after another caught in the roof, and the flames slipped rapidly along from one window-sill to another, so that in less than thirty minutes every cheek was blanched as it became evident that the whole city in one direction was at the mercy of the flames, which were leaping gayly from roof to roof, from one building to another. The heat now became infernal. The streets ran rivers of water, and every moment was heard the sound of granite blocks exploding and whole frames falling in the streets, making

them impassable. THE PIREMEN WERE DRIVEN from one station to another, and many an en-gine was kept nobly at work while the hydrant was wet down by hand hose, and the engineer could only hold his place while the stream of water was kept playing on him. Blocks of granite, weighing tons, were split as if by powplanks went flying through the air as if they were feathers. Firemen erected barricades and worked behind them, but they were burned almost as soon as erected. An hour had hardly elapsed before it was evident that Beebe's block, the finest business structure in the city. built of granite, five stories in height, with the cursed Mansard roof over all, must go. Within thirty minutes flames were coming out in FIERY BILLOWS

from every window, and up the stairway leading to A. T. Stewart's rooms, was a perfect column of flames. This building served but as fuel for the flames. Pieces of dry goods went whistling acress the square, lodging on the window sills of the magnificent stores on Devon-shire street. Beebe's block stood—a solid wall of granite. Several minutes after the inside ell, but the heat warped it, and two millions of dollars soon lay a heap of stone, bricks and mortar. The hurricane now raged, and owing to the intense heat and perfect sleet of coa drove everything before it. Every building was now heated as if in a furnace, and CAUGHT LIKE TINDER.

Four-story granite blocks seemed like shav ngs, and deafening explosions were constantly heard. A new terror was now added to the babel of confusion. Tenement houses at the upper end of Federal street were fast being licked up by the flames, and women crazed and fainting were rushing to and fro, carrying children, crockery, clocks, and bedding in their hands. One ran screaming through High street with a stove funnel in her hands, while another was tugging a heavy chest, which would have been weight for a strong man. Now and then a few pieces of goods might be saved by volun-teers, who ran in and spent five minutes, during which they could work in bringing out perhaps a hundred pieces of cloth. One man, Marshal Cotter, got out twenty-five thousand dollars worth of kid gloves, and had them placed on the sidewalk in a damaged condition. He offered a hackman five hurdred dollars in value to take the goods to a place of safety. In less than an

TO PLEE FOR HIS LIFE, and the flames were once again cheated of their prey. The fire was now in Federal street, and the wool houses were going like oil factories. They could never have been attacked at a more dangerous time, as they were crammed. From cellar to garret hundreds of thousands of dollars worth were in hand that might have been delivered to customers had it not been for the horse disease. In one store alone there were a hundred thousand dollars worth of wools stored which were awaiting delivery. Minor, Beale & Hackett had their store packed full, having just put in their winter's stock three hours before the fire enveloped it all. March, Brothers & Pierce had just put their winter goods in the cellar, and sent their summer goods up stairs to be made up. The paper houses came next, and with them went the majority of the larger dealers. It had been hoped that the fire could be stopped short of Franklin street, but the tores there were as vulnerable as any of the others. The Freedman's National Bank went at 10 o'clock, and an hour later the National Bank of North America was in as bad a condition.

PROGRESS OF THE DEVOURING ELEMENT. Notwithstanding the labors of the firemen, the fire continued to spread, a northwest wind aiding it in its course. At eleven the fire had traveled through half a mile of the business portion of the city, and was still continuing with fearful rapidity. Half an hour later both sides of Summer street, from High to Purchase, were laid in ruins, and the fire shaped its course towards Broad street. About this time the alarm became general. Fire-engines were tel-egraphed for from Worcester, Providence, and other places. Goods were removed from the

stores in the vicinity of the fire. At midnight it moved up Franklin street nearly to the corner of Hawley, consuming the Cathedral building, spreading in Congress and Federal streets and reaching the shipping at the Broad street wharf, south of Congress, leveling the Hartford and Erie railroad office, which was in the neighborhood. It still continued to increase toward Washington street, north of Franklin. All the splendid granite warebouses on Frankiin square, Winthrop square and vicinity were burned; the Pilot office being also destroyed.

45 MILES IN 45 MINNTES. At 1 o'clock a special train from Boston, to carry the Worcester fire department to the burning city, made the run of forty-four and a half miles in forty-five minutes. Many firms on Washington street moved their goods, and many parties on Milk and Water streets, and even as far north as State street, did the same. All the, newspaper offices had a force on hand, prepared to move at a moment's notice.

At 2 o'clock yesterday morning two buildings at the corner of Devonshire and Milk streets were blown up, with the hope that that would say the progress of the fire, but in vain, as both sides of Hawley street and Morton place were soon under way. At 3 o'clock a. m. the heat was so intense that the firemen could not successfully fight the flames. At 4:15 building after building was blown up, with the only apparent effect of increasing the terrible violence of the flames.

took advantage of the censternation to plunder, and over two hundred arrests were made. By the hour mentioned firemen from Lowell, Newburyport, Woburn, Chelsea, Charlestown, and New Bedford had arrived and were at work.

Nobody could stand within three blocks of the burning masses, so the fire had full possession of the buildings within its grasp. As each edifice caught fire from its neighbor the flames seemed to devour the contents in a single moment, and so the torrent of flames grew in strength and power with power with

TERRIBLE VELOCITY. Falling roofs were sinking every minute, and carried down with them the doors, one by one, until the walls became isolated and also fell with a crish. Whole blocks of buildings disappeared in this manner, crumbling like so much card board. Huge masses of material choked the street, and taking fire, created a solid body of fiame. of name.

Bore B snedt. | Down E Rang & Wanter eternet. . Dene a eter.

The fire engines were utterly useless, for no human being could stand near enough to send the streams of water where they were needed to do service. The firemen were utterly exhausted. Shortly after 10 o'clock yesterday morning a meeting of citizens was held in the mayor's paror in the city hall. A detail of citizens was authorized to take charge of all the streets lead-

ng directly to the fire, and have exclusive control of them, with the assistance of the police, with authority to take any action they might see fit in the emergency. The detail consisted of General Burt, Alderman Jenks, Colonel Shepard, and other well-known citizens, with full iberty to use powder in case they should consider it expedient. At the above meeting Mayor Gaston expressed his willingness to call out the militia to relieve the policemen, and he even desired to issue the order at one o'clock yesterday morning, but as none of the military officers present knew how their men could be notified before yesterday, the matter was held in abey-

PROGRESS OF THE FIRE CHECKED. At 5:12 o'clock yesterday morning the pro-gress of the fire southward had been checked, and also in a great measure toward the south-east. The extreme limit of devastation in that direction was the Hartford and Erie depot, extending, however, out on the road and burn-ing the bridge. Then it ran along Broad street to India, taking all the intermediate wharves and destroying a few vessels.

The fire worked around the new post office building, and reached the northerly side of Water street. WORK OF THE PLAMES.

All the residences of the Fort Hill section, so-called, including Gridley, High and Broad streets, have been destroyed, rendering hundreds of families homeless and destitute. Or Washington street the fire was checked by 5 o'clock in the southerly direction. It had not reached beyond Summer street. The buildings on the southern side of the latter street remained standing, and west of them untouched by the flames, with the exception of the three nearest Channey street. On Washington street the building of the American watch company, on the northeast corner of Washington and Summer streets, had been completely gutted, but the walls remained. North of this, on Washington street, the same side, all were destroyed as far as the Transcript building, though portions of the walls of some buildings were left.

At 2 p. m. yesterday the fire was believed to be under control. A meeting of prominent citizens was held in the City Hall yesterday afternoon, Mayor Gaston president, at which encouraging speeches were made and energetic action urged in order to alleviate the sufferings of the needy as as well as for rebuilding the burnt district. A numerous relief committee was appointed, Wm. Gray chairman. It is said is not one wholesale shoe and leather establishment left in Boston. The wool trade has suffered in equal degree, and the dry goods jobbing houses left are few and far between. THE MILITIA ON DUTY.

The 9th regiment, with detachments from other regiments, amounting to twelve hundred men, were on duty, protecting property and preserving order. At 3 p. m. yesterday the progress of the flames n the direction of the water was checked, and the fire seemed to be well under control everywhere. The new post office and sub-treasury buildings were for a long time exposed to the fierce flames and smoke, but were scarcely the Boston Morning Post office, directly opposite, and helped greatly in preventing the fire from reaching State street. The old South Church also escaped, though several times given up for lost. The costly and beautiful Transcript building and Courier and Pratt's jewelry establishment, on the opposite corner of Milk street, were burned. The Eastern Express office was saved, though reported at one time as burned. GENERAL BOUNDARIES OF THE CONFLAGRA-

TION. The following are the general boundaries of the conflagration:-The whole length and both sides of Summer street across Federal and nearly down to Drake's wharf, and thence on nearly a direct line to Fort Hill, along Hamilton and Battery march to Kilby street, as far as Lindell and Central streets, and from Milk to Summer street on Washington. Within these boundaries-an area of about seventy acresevery building is consumed. Almost every wholesale shoe and leather and dry goods and wool establishment in Boston is burned. The fire engines by special train from New York arrived yesterday morning. The loss is estimated at between \$80,000,000 and \$90,000,600. and insured for from \$10,000,000 to \$12,000,000. A good many persons were injured and several

The Conflagration Breaks Out Again At 2:35 o'clock this morning, the fire again broke out, caused by the explosion of gas, this time in the stores of Marsh & Co., and Shrieve. Crump & Low, jewelers, and raged violently. Gas went out all over the city. The fire crossed Washington street towards Temple Place, and

DANGEROUS GAS EXPLOSIONS. Owing to the frequent gas explosins the fire-men were for some minutes deterred from going into close proximity to the burning buildings, but despite the danger they soon had their steamers playing. Down Summer street the flames crept along steadily, and at 2 o'clock only one building remained between the fire and C. F. Hovey & Co.'s building. Had the proper authorities turned off the gas from the whole burned district early yesterday morning, the second dreadful visitation would have been avoided. The property along the line of Washington street, which has now been destroyed, would have been saved had not the explosion given the flames fresh encouragement.

UNDER CONTROL. At five e'clock this morning the fire was be lieved to be under good control, and unless a very strong wind should spring up no more fires were apprehended.

The following is by the Franklin telegraph: The following streets are completely destroyed: Kilby, Liberty square, Central street, Water, Lindall, Congress, High, Devonshire, Franklin, Milk, Summer, Federal, Pearl, and part of Bedford. A large number of familles are homeless. It is heartrending. are homeless. It is heartrending.

NEWSPAPER OFFICES. In reply to a dispatch to R. Worthington proprietor of the Boston Traveler, sent by Mr W. E. Sawyer, the Washington correspondent of that paper, at 9 o'clock yesterday morning asking whether the Traveler building had beer burned, the following reply was received at

Boston, Nov. 10 - W. E. Sawger: - No. Shall save it. J. Wyley Edwards says loss \$150,000,000. Worthington. Mr. O. K. Harris, correspondent of the Boston Journal, last night received the following disdispatch from the editor of the Journal: Boston, Nov. 10.—Thank God, we have es

caped. It was a narrow squeak.
W. W. CLAPP. EFFECT OF THE NEWS IN OTHER CITIES. The news of the conflagration in Boston pro-duced the greatest excitement in New York, Philadelphia, and other large cities. In the latter city the announcement of the fire was made in the churches and the mayor has called a meeting of citizens for this afternoon. The mayor of Pittsburg has also called a meeting for to-day. Mayor Medill, of Chicago telegraphed to the mayor of Boston as follows "The citizens of Chicago tender their deepes sympathy and all material aid in their power to your afflicted people in this hour of their fearful misfortunes. In what way can we help you most? I have called a public meeting for noon most? I have called a public meeting for noon to-morrow to consider ways and means of assistance." The Chicago Aid and Relief Association held an informal meeting and telegraphed Mayor Gaston that they would do all in their power to aid the sufferers. The theatrical profession have agreed to unite in a benefit at the Academy of Music this week, for Boston. A meeting of the citizens of St. Louis will be held to-day. The mayor of Detroit has called a meeting for the relief of Boston. In the New York and Brooklyn churches the pastors remeeting for the relief of Boston. In the New York and Brooklyn churches the pastors referred to the disaster, either in their sermons or in prayer. At all the hotels large crowds assembled, and hundreds of merchants endeavored to obtain dispatches from Boston as to whether their goods were saved or burned. One merchant at the Fifth Avenue hotel said he was reduced to beggary, and several others alleged that their losses were enormous. Large crowds left for Boston by the New Haven route. A call, signed by the leading business men of New York, has been issued for a meeting at the Chamber of Commerce to-day to express sympathy with the sufferers, and to take such action as may be deemed advisable for their relief. In commercial circles the utmost interast and marked consternation prevailed, as it was felt that the business interests of New York would suffer very materially from the disaster to Boston. Wall street men were intensely excited, and congregated during the day and evening at the Fifth Avenue hotel. The general impression was that the fire would have a depressing effect upon the stock market to-day. In Cincinnationly two of the insurance companies, the Amazon and Triumph, have risks in Boston, to what extent is not divulged. Several bankers there received dispatches from their New York. the Amazon and Triumph, have risks in Boston, to what extent is not divulged. Several bankers there received dispatches from their New York houses to loan nothing to-day and look out for a panic. Bankers there are telegraphing to the country to collect loans due other bankers. The opinion is expressed by other bankers that there is no danger of a panic.

The Insurance Losses.

A New York dispatch says the Speciator, in summing up the losses by the fire in Boston gives the following tacts: -Firemen's Fund company of San Francisco, loss \$75,000; Alpe New York, \$43,000; Fairfield county, \$50.00 Exchange, \$70,000; Citizen's, \$200,000. The Star insurance company will not exhaust its surplus Arctic, \$75,000; Phonix, of Brooklyn, \$450,000 Manhattan, of this city, \$30,000; Resolute, \$14,000. The North British Mercantile, which a year ago had nearly \$6,000,000 risk in the Boston Commercial of this city, will not exha st it supplies. The Germania, Hanover, and Repul lic companies will continue their business. The aggregate loss is distributed among a very large number of offices. The majority of companies outside of Boston will withdraw the stock, in cluding companies doing business in Boston, of other states and those of that city. There are, says the Spectator, one hundred and ninety-two companies affected by the fire, their combined assets amounting to \$157,220,156.

The Phoenix risks in the burned district \$500,000; assets, deducting all liabilities \$1,400,000. It is probable that the loss will be much less than the aggregate of policies, as a large stock of goods were removed. The Hartford company reports the entire amount at risk in the burned district and vicinity, \$600,000. From the latest information received the prob able loss will be \$500,000. The Hartford has \$2,355,600 assets, and will meet its engagements promptly, as it did at Chicago. The Ætna's loss, though not definitely ascertained, but carefully approximated, will not exceed \$75,000. The total losses of the Hartford companies will exceed but a trifle over \$2,000,000. They are all safe. Only two of the insurance companies of Cincinnati-the Amazon and Triumph-have risks in Boston, and to what extent is not di-

vulged.
In Hartford, the Connecticut company loses least, and will pay every dollar out of their sur-plus. The National loses \$125,000. Its surplus s \$110,000. The Orient loses \$150,000, and has a surplus of just that amount.

The only local insurance company in San Francisco involved in the Boston fire is the Firemen's Fund. The president of the company e timates his loss at \$100,000, and says that will be promptly paid. Foreign companies in business in San Francisco have heavy risks, but the estimates of their losses cannot be made yet. THE SUMMING UP OF THE INSURANCE.

The Spectator estimates that the insurance oss by the Boston fire will amount to \$100,000,000. The district burned is much smaller than that destroyed at Chicago, but the contents are of greater value per block. The loss will fall the heaviest on Boston companies, the greater part of which confine their business entirely to that section. The leading companies may be expected to stand, with few, if any, exceptions.

The Steinnecke Will Case. SCHEPPE'S MARRIAGE TO MISS STEINNECKE DENIED.

There was filed in the orphan's court of this city on Saturday by Messrs. William A. Stewart and John R. Kelso, jr., as executors of the late Miss Maria M. Steinnecke, an answer to the petition of Paul Scheeppe, in which he prayer the court to grant him letters of administration upon Miss Steinnecke's estate, and claiming to be her lawful husband, having, as he alleges been married to her two weeks before her death in Carlisle, Pa. The respondents state that the will was found among the papers of the deceased on the morning after her death, and Paul Schooppe was present with his counsel when the will was handed to John H. Rheem, a relative of the deceased at Carlisle, who had charge of the body, and who delivered the will to Mr. Stewart, who retained it until it was offered for probate. Mr. Stewart, one of the executors, states that Paul Scheeppe was introduced to him on the day of the funeral of Miss Steinnecke by Rheem, at which time Schoppe made no pretensions of being the husband of Miss Ste.nnecke, but spoke of her as his late patient. The document further avers that when, on the lst day of February, 1869, Paul Scheeppe appeared in the orphans' court with the view of propounding for probate a paper which he alleges was the last will and testament of Maria M. Steinnecke, purporting to be signed by her in her maiden name, and bearing the date of the 3d of December, A. D. 1868, in the handwriting of Paul Schoppe. Mr. Stewart distinctly asked him whether he and Miss Steinnecke were married, to which Scheeppe replied that they were not. The respondents deny that Miss Steinnecke died intestate, although they admit that she died without issue, she never having been married, and having on the morning of th day preceding her death signed a check in her maiden name on the Carlisle Deposit Bank. The respondents charge that Schoppe's allegaions, that "he became the lawful husband of Miss Steinnecke in Carlisle on the 14th of January, 1869," is utterly without foundation and fraudulent. The respondents pray to be dis-missed with their costs. Messrs. S. T. Wallis and H, Clay Dallam are the proctors for the respondenis .- Raltimore American, 11th.

A WOMAN WANTS \$10,000 BECAUSE SECOULDN'T VOTE.-Mrs. Virginia L. Minor of St. Louis has brought suit in the sum of \$10,000 against Reese Happersett, who refused to register her name to vote at the late election, Mrs. Minor is the wife of Francis Minor, a highly reputable lawyer of that city, and at present clerk of the supreme court. She states that she has been a worker in the woman's movement. and brings this suit to test the claims of women to the elective fanchise. She will carry it, if necessary, to the United States supreme court.

MOVEMENT IN THE SPANISH CORTES FOR ABOLITION OF SLAVERY. — The republican members of the Spanish Cortes purpose demanding of the government the immediate emancipation of all the slaves in Cuba and Porto Rico. Their plan provides for indemnifying the slave owners in Cuba at the rate of 1,000 ing the slave owners in Cuba at the rat pesetas per head and in Porto Rico at 1,500 pesetas per bead.

A BOY EATEN ALIVE BY HOGS .- A small son of Mr. Eugene Barnes, about eight years of age, while returning to his home from school, near Georgetown, Ky., last Thursday, passed through lot of hogs on his father's farm, and it is thought was playing with some small pigs, when the large hogs rushed upon him, and no one being near, killed him and ate him, with the exception of his head and shoulders.

CHOKED TO DEATH BY A CHESNUT .- The child of Mr. William Fugan, aged wenty-one months, was choked to death on Sunday last with a chesnut. Mr. F. is temporarily residing a few miles from this village, and is engaged on the Baltimore and Potomac railroad. His wife lately brought this little girl from their home in New Jersey - Marlboro' Gazette.

HORRIBLE TRAGEDY IN KANSAS. - Dr Samuel Ashman, living in Topeka, Kansas, in a fit of drunken frenzy last Wednesday, shot and killed his wife and chopped off her breast in an ineane attempt to cut her heart out. It required ten men to capture and convey him to jail, so great were his struggles.

THE CATHOLIC PARADE, which was to have tal en place in Newark New Jersey yesterday, in connection with the laying of the corner-stone of St. Joseph's church, was postponed by Archbishop Bayley, on account of the mayor's order prohibiting bands in processions. SLAVE TRADE .- An English steamer arrived

at Constantinople Wednesday, from Malta, having on board twenty slaves to be disposed of there. A very brisk slave trade is carried on between Tripoli and Constantinople, by way of

DEATH FROM GRIEF.—Joseph Prendergast, aged sixty-one years, died suddenly yesterday afternoon, through grief, it is believed, for the oss of his wife, who died the previous day .-N. Y. Commercial, 9th. KILLED BY A GRAIN OF CORN .- On the 7th

instant a little boy named Lupton, whose parents reside near Harrisonburg, Va., was strangled to death by a grain of corn getting in his throat. Tennessee hogs are grunting around with The "Scroll and Bones" is a new senior

society at Syracuse University. A country weekly talks about the epizootic that cut off the cabbage crop. Memphis husbands pay fifty dollars for the luxury of chastising their wives. Cleveland druggists take a supply of horse medicine to bed and lower it out of the window

by a string to customers. There is to be a novel reunion in Swanton Mass., this month. All the ministers who have preached there are to meet in the old place. A believer in small beginnings has adver-tised in an English paper for penny subscrip-tions to build a church for Fulham Fields, Lon-

when he dies? The Indianapolis News thinkshe will if he is properly manipulated before he is hanged. Dr. James A. Madison's farm, "Sanny Side," acjoining the Montpeller estate, the

sold for \$5,700 to Henry Vance, of Pennsylvania. WA fire broke out Saturday night in the city flour mills, on Thames street, London. England. The entire mills have been destroyed. and the fire was still raging yesterday. All the fire brigades in the city were on duty at the scene.

WARRENCON. FOLK

TWO CENTS.

Further Particulars of the Great Fire.

SIXTY-FIVE ACRES BURNED OVER

But a Small Portion of the Losses Covered by Insurance.

Chicago Offers to Divide with Boston

what she Has Left from Her Own Fire. THE FIRE NOW UNDER CONTROL.

Mr. H. L. Bridgman, Washington correspon

dent of the Boston Advertiser, received the following at 5 o'clock this morning : Boston, 10th November. - To H. L. Bridgman Daily Advertiser, Washington, D. C. We have es-caped without a scratch. The fire was got fully

under control at about noon, and has spread none since. The general boundaries of the fire are as follows: Summer street, both sides and entire length, across Federal, half-way down to Drake's wharf, thence in nearly a straight line to Fort Hill, along Hamilton and Batterymarch to Kilby as far as Lindell and Central streets, thence south to Water and Milk streets, and on Washington street from Milk to Summer. Every building within these limits is burned. The area is about sixty five acres. The Firemens', Mount Vernon, Naional of North America, Hide and Leather, everett, and Revere bank buildings, and the Boston, Hartford and Erie depots are destroyed. and nearly every wholesale dry goods, shoe and leather and wool concern in the city burned out. The loss is estimated at eighty millions; insurance

Five engines from New York arrived at 4 clock this morning by special train. Chicago telegraphs she will share with Boston what she has left. The old post office is badly damaged in the rear part, and is still burning, but there is no danger of its complete destruction. Col. Burt is removing the office to Fancuil hall, where it will open to-morrow. The new post office is unharmed. GEORGE H. SMITH.

The Pension Agency Burned.

Boston, Nov. 10, 1872-8 p. m.—To Gen. J. H.

Baker, Commissioner of Pensions, Washington, D.

C.—The larger part of the business portion of Boston is in ashes. The agency is burned; the Government papers are saved. Safes and personal property destroyed. Will the secretary of the Treasury allow the temporary use of part of the appraiser's building for the present? The papers are stored at the custom house. CHARLES A. PHELPS, Pension Agent.

The pension agent at Boston received permission from the Secretary of the Treasury to-day, through the Commissioner of Pensions, to remove his office to the appraiser's office, as he

[ASSOCIATED PRESS DESPATCHES.]

The Fire Now Under Control.

Boston, Nov. 11, 6 a. m .- The fire is under control, being kept in the block between Sum-

ner and Avon streets. A fireman has just fallen off the top of a building on Sumner street. Gas was only shut off from a portion of the city. Perfect order was maintained in the streets. There were three explosions of gas at 3:30 a. m. People begin to be relieved of the terrible excitement of the uncertainty regarding the spread Sympathy and Relief.
NORTH CAROLINA PROMPT TO AID THE SUP-RALEIGH, N. C., Nov. 11.-Mayor Whitaker

has called a public meeting of citizens of Ra-leigh, at Metropolitan Hall, Monday evening, for the purpose of raising contributions for the sufferers from the Boston calamity. What Henry Ward Beecher Says of NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—The Revs. Henry Ward Beecher and Henry W. Bellows made the fire in Boston the subject of sermons last evening. Mr. Beecher said the fire teaches Boston it is not needful or wise to have narrow streets to convey flames from one side to the other, or to build houses four or five stories high of fire-proof granite and surmount them with a mansard

What Rev. Dr. Bellows Says. Dr. Beliews said the fire would show the danger of mansard roofs, and the tolly of building huge blocks of stores with narrow streets and no large public squares.

LATER.

city would stand?.

TERRIFIC GAS EXPLOSIONS. The Fire Well Under Control.

Limit of the Burned District. Effect of the Fire on the Markets Elsewhere.

New York Thieves Gone to the Scene of the Disaster.

Most of the Loss Falls on Wealthy Peo-A dispatch received by Secretary Boutwell

to-day from Franklin Haven, one of the leading bankers in Boston says: "The loss is large, but it falls upon persons generally who are able to sustain it. No excitement." The Naval Paymaster's Office Burned Paymaster George Plunkett, purchasing pay-

master for the pavy at Boston, telegraphs to

Secretary Robeson this morning that his office on Kilby street was burned, but he saved all the The Boston Post Office All Right. Acting Postmaster General Marshall received dispatch from Postmaster Jones, sf New York, this morning, stating that the Boston mail came brough on time. This would indicate that the postal business in Boston is being transacted as usual. Postmaster Jones was yesterday in-structed to do all he could to aid the Boston

office, and a special agent of the department was also directed to assist, if necessary. ASSOCIATED PRESS DESPATCHES. Limits of the Burned District.

Associated Press Office, New York, Nov. 11, 11:50 a. m.—There is no truth in the sensation reports now being distributed that the fire in Boston had gone beyond the limits re-The entire burned district is watched and the fire well under control. Hundreds of natives of Soston resident here and in Brooklyn have lett for home; all visiting Bostonians have also left. The Ætna Insurance company of Hartford has bulletined that its losses by the Boston fire will not exceed one million dollars, and that its financial status will not be affected thereby, its

capital being five millions.

Terrific Gas Explosions.

New York, 12:30 p. m. (from Boston, 11 a. m.—The new fire was got fully under control about 4 o'clock this morning. Jordan & Marsh's store was saved, although at one time its salvation was regarded as hopeless. Shreve, Crump & Lowe were burned out. The last fire was caused by an explosion of res about midwight. tion was regarded as hopeless. Shreve, Crump & Lowe were burned out. The last fire was caused by an explosion of gas about midnight, the report of which was heard all over the city. Several other explosions of gas, apparently in sewers, occurred; soon after the fire broke out, shattering the plate glass windows in Shreve, Crump & Lowe's store, and upheaving the surface of the earth so as to crack the pavement deeply. Despite these terrific outbursts he firemen maintained their position in Summer street, doing good service. Only 25 Boston fireman were on duty last night, the main force being relieved by gallant boys who rallied from all quarters. Between 11 and 12 o'clock last night 160 firemen from Norwich, Conn., arrived, accompanied by the mayor and chief engineer. Twenty-two New Haven firemen also arrived, headed by their chief engineer. From Biddeord, Me.; Bridgeport, Conn.; New Bedford, and other places, came eager offers of assistance. On every hand last night there were brave, generous men from all the adjacent towns and cities working with all their strength to stem the persistent progress of the terrible enemy.

THE MORNING PAPERS

are filled almost exclusively with details of the great fire. The Advertiser estimates the total loss at \$80,000,000. The Post, on the authority of leading insurance officers, estimates it at \$100,000,000. The Journal gives full list of individual losses, and estimates the total at considerably over \$100,000,000.

erably over \$100,090,000.

The Owl train from New York, due at 4 o'clock this morning, arrived at 7 o'clock, with

everal car loads of roughs and thieves, who caned out all the refreshment saloons en route The military force here will be increased in

The Thieves and Incendiaries. Boston, Nov. 11 .- A battation of cavalry has been ordered to the military guard of the burning district, which now numbers 1,500 men. At-tempts at robbery and incendiarism will be summarily dealt with. The streets are almost

impassable from crowds of people in the vicinity of the fire.

The Boston Banks.
Only three of the seven banks burned out failed to settle at the clearing house to-day. The

three referred to being unable to get at their vanits. They are the Shawmut, Firemen's, and North America. The Mount Vernon, Hide and Leather, and Everett banks saved most of their

Three Hundred Families Homeless New York, Nov. 11 .- A dispatch from Boston says three hundred families are homeless. Lifects of the Fire on the Stock and

New York, Nov. 11.—The stock market has been panicky all morning and prices have declined frem 5 to 10 cents. The suspensions reported are S. V. White, Pillot Perry & Co., H. N. Wilcox and R. J. Kimball & Co., all on the long side of the market and for whose account stocks have been sold out under the control of the stocks have been sold out under the control of the market and for whose account stocks have been sold out under the rule. The market is now standing and it would appear as of the worst were over. Gold opened at 111 tol14 ... There is no information yet to hand as to the intentions of the Treasury Department. Nearly all the insurance companies have their windows placarded with statements of their condition

and a majority say they have sustained little or no loss. The heaviest losses are on large companies, which are best able to stand them. The Effect in Philadelphia. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 11.-The Boston fire and the burial of Gen. Meade causes a general suspension of business. There is great depression in stocks, greenies and breadstuffs, without marked change, but wool, leather, boots and shoes are held for material advance. The board of underwriters held a meeting this morning, and in order to prevent policy holders from ansferring policies to other companies, at nounced rates on merchandise 50 per cent., and on all special risks 25 per cent., to take effect

How its Effects Cincinnati. CINCINNATTI, Onto, Nov. 11. The interest here this morning concerning the Boston fire is

immediately.

unabated. The public mind is now more turned to the financial aspect of the calamity. The banks generally are pursuing a conservative course. They are accommodating their customers, but there seems to be a general disposition among them to act carefully until they can more accurately weigh the probable consequences of

the disaster. The Boston Insurance Companies Boston, Nov. 11.—The insurance companies will be able to pay an average of about fifty per cent. on their risks, and capitalists are coming forward so liberally with offers of funds that there is some prospect of their going on without suspensions. Their average losses are in the eghborhood of \$500,000, two or three reaching 00,000. The savings banks are all secure. The Evening Transcript will appear to-day, printed in the Globe office.

Losses of the Philadelphia Insurance Companies. PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 11 .- It is estimated that \$2,000,000 will cover the entire losses of the Phil-adelphia companies by the Boston fire. The losses are mostly sustained by the strangest

companies, with a surplus more than sufficient to cover the losses. More About the Insurance Losses. New York, Nov. 11.—Knots of people are assembled on the streets to-day conversing upon the Boston disaster, and general expressions of sympathy are heard everywhere. All the insurance companies have bulletined statements of their losses and their standing, of many of which the annexed are copies.—The .Eina of Hartford loses less than \$1,000,000, and has \$5,250,000 of assets; Relief of New York, loss \$56,000, capital unimpaired; Williamsburg City,

oss \$90,000, assets \$359,000; Resolute, loss \$19,000 Commercial, loss \$194.000, assets \$310.000; Columbia, loss \$75,000, assets \$440.000, Star, loss 150,000, assets \$400,000; Mechanics', loss \$5,000; Lafayette, loss \$5,000; Phonix, loss \$450,000, assets \$2,032,191; Adriatic, loss \$1,500, assets \$80,000; Niagara, loss \$300,000, assets \$1,000,000 The Liverpool and London and Globe compan oses \$600,000. This company's agency has re ceived a dispatch from London to pay losses and draw on the Liverpool office. The Queen's In surance company of Liverpool and London loses about \$300,000. The Hope company loses about \$50,000. The Fire Association of Philadelphia, no losses; American Central of St. Louis, loss \$15,000; Farmers' Mutual, of York, Pa., loss \$5,000; the Lancaster, of Lancaster, Pa., no losses; Pennsylvania Underwriters, loss \$15,000; American, loss \$300,000; Pssets \$1,250,000; London Assurance, loss \$10,000; Pennsylvania, loss \$300,000; assets \$1,250,000; Globe, loss \$15,000; Orient, loss \$150,000; National, loss \$150,000; Exchange, loss £tna, of New York, loss \$30,000; Tradesman's, loss \$240,000; assets \$455,000; St. Nicholas, loss

Bremens, loss \$45,000; assets \$3.8,000; Lorillard, unimpaired. GLEN FALLS, N. Y., Nov. 11 .- The Glen Falls Insurance Company lose less than \$50,000 in Boston, much less than its net surplus. Its capital is unimpaired. SPRINGFIELD, MASS., Nov. 11 .- The losses of

\$15,000; National, loss \$120,000; assets \$675,000

nflammable box out of reach of firemen. He the Springfield Fire and Marine Insurance Com-pany by the Boston fire, will not exceed \$250,000, and will be promptly paid. The company will disc'aimed the idea that the calamity was the visitation by Providence upon Boston because of its sins, and said it such was the case what ontinue business as usual.

THE LATE MAJOR GEN'L MEADE Funeral Honors to His Memory. PHILADELPHIA IN MOURNING.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 11.—Business is almost entirely suspended, and the city has a holiday appearance. Flags are everywhere draped in mourning and many buildings also, out of respect to the memory of Gen. Meade. The route over which the funeral cortege is moving is filled with people. Early this a. m. the body of the deceased was removed from the house to St Mark's church, where it was placed in front of the altar, guarded by a detail selected by Gen. McDowell. Long before half-past ten o'clock, the time fixed for the services, the church was packed. The officiating clergymen were the Rev. Mr. Hoffman, rector; Bishop Odenheimer and Bishop Whippie. Bishop Odenheimer read the prayers and the latter made an address enlogistic of the deceased. The funeral procession commenced moving about 11:30 a. m. and took nearly an hour to pass a given point. The national, state and city officials vied with pri-vate citizens to do honor to the dead. The coffin was carried on a gun-carriage, drawn by six horses, followed by a led horse with saddle vacant and boots reversed. The coffin was covered with the American colors, a sword and a

wreath on top. Gen. Grant, in citizens dress, rode in an open carriage, accompanied by George H. Stuart and other gent'emen. Generals Sherman and Sheridan and other army officers appeared in full uniform. The procession was very imposing.

The Horse Disease ABATING IN KINGSTON, N. T. KINGSTON, Nov. 11 .- The horse disease in this city is slightly abating although business and travel are still much impeded. THE CRISIS PASSED IN CHARLESTON, S. C. CHARLESTON, S. C., Nov. 11 .- The horse isease is believed to have passed its worst stage in this city, having caused less inconvenience here than elsewhere, as most of the hauling

is done by mules, which seem to be less subjecto the infection. POTTSVILLE HAS IT. POTTSVILLE, PA., Nov. 11.—The horse dis-case has appeared here. All the passenger railroad cars have been withdrawn. The disease is

expected to spread to the mining districts. From Europe To-day. THE PAILURE OF BOWLES BROTHERS.
PARIS, Nov. 11.-The liabilities of Bowles

Brothers, the American bankers in this city, who have suspended payment, are \$500,000. The losses by the suspension will fail chiefly upon American tourists in Europe. GLADSTONE ILL. London, Nov. 11.—Right Hon. William E. Gladstone is confined to his house by illness.

A SUBSTITUTE FOR FLOGGING .- A writer in

shoulders of garroters and other criminals, as at present practiced in London, they should be punished with severe currents of electricity or galvanism, which might be so managed as to give the most intense pain, yet not tear the flesh or break bones.

A merchant in Frankfort was fined twen-ty-five dollars the other day for selling a pair of brass knuckles.

SCHOMACKER & CO. CELEBRATED GOLD MEDAL PIANOS, CARL RICHTER, Agent.—Having as a tracher of music in this city for the last ten years, felt the Want of a good and cheep instrument, having seen what exorbitant prices were paid for inferior instruments, I resolved to introduce to the public of Washington a Piano, to which there is none superior, which has given the greatost satisfaction in concerts as well as in pariors. My success has been complete, and I am able now to after these beautiful instruments at prices from \$400 to \$1.300, that is to say 33 per cent. less than any other first-class Piano, and respectfully invite the public to call at my wareroom and examine for themselves. Pianos for rent. Pianos exchanged. Funing and repairing properly attended to. Agency, 935 Penn. ave., bet. 9th and 10th sts.

CELEBRATED PIANOS

the Pall Mall Gazette suggests that instead of the application of the "cat" to the backs and

PIANOS, &c.

WM. KNABE & CO.'S SUBPASS ALL OTHERS.

Wm. Knabe & Co.'s GOLD MEDAL PIANOS, forty years in use.
On very accommodating terms, PIANO and OBGANS, for sale and rent.

Piano Warerooms, 423 lith street.
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